1. **Adie syndrome** (Holmes-Adie's syndrome/Tonic pupil syndrome) - associated with diminished or absent tendon jerks - common in young women.
2. **Atkins-Wolff operation** - Microdochectomy - done for persistent nipple discharge from 1 or few ducts.
3. **Band of Ladd** - In arrested rotation of midgut & subsequent volvulus neonatorum - peritoneal band from the caecum which is on left side to right side - obstructs the 2nd part of duodenum.
4. **Basilar migraine** - occurs in younger individuals - involves mostly brainstem signs in the aura & headache - diplopia, dysarthria, deafness, blindness, bilateral parasthesias, bilateral paresis, etc.
5. **Beckwith-Wiedmann overgrowth syndrome**: exomphalos-macroglossia-gigantism (EMG) syndrome (two paternal but no maternal chromosome on Chr. 11)
6. **Bishop - Koop operation** - For meconium ileus - ileocolostomy
7. **Casal's necklace** - In pellagra (niacin def.) - around neck - rash only in sun exposed areas.
8. **Celsius features of inflammation** - Dolor (pain), Rubor (redness), Calor (raised local temperature), Tumor (swelling), Functio laesa (loss of function)
9. **Charcot's triad** - For cerebellar involvement - dysarthria + nystagmus + intention tremors
10. **Charcot's triad** - Pain + Jaundice + Fever with rigors - for acute cholangitis (not palpable GB)
11. **Darier's sign** - Rub skin with blunt end of a pen - palpable wheal develops in 1-2 min - seen in systemic mastocytosis proliferation of mast cells with excess histamine release. E.g. Urticaria pimentosa
12. **Delorme's operation** - For rectal prolapse - plication of musculature to form a ring with excision & repair of redundant mucosa
13. **Dietl's crisis** - Intermittent hydronephrosis with diuretic spells - d.t. excessively mobile kidney which causes intermittent kinking of the ureter - with intermittent release of the obstruction.
14. **Dressler's syndrome** - Post - AMI pericarditis - causes a localised pericarditis with friction rub - develops 3-4 days after the AMI - resolves spontaneously.
15. **Fitz-Hugh-Curtis syndrome** - Perihepatitis d.t. gonococcal infection - asso with P.I.D.
16. **Friedreich's ataxia** - Combined spino-cerebellar degeneration with concomitant peripheral neuropathy, with myocardial degeneration with progressive myocardial fibrosis.
17. **Gerstmann's syndrome** - Lesion of the dominant parietal lobe - ALF - Agraphia, Acalculia, Left-right disorientation, Finger agnosia
20. **Good's syndrome** - thymoma with immunodeficiency - increased susceptibility to bacterial infections with encapsulated organisms and opportunistic viral and fungal infections. The most consistent immunological abnormalities are hypogammaglobulinaemia and reduced or absent B cells
21. **Hippocrates tumour** - Malignant melanoma
22. **Hippocratic facies** - In peritonitis - d.t. shock.
23. **Holstein Lewis syndrome** - Radial N palsy 2ndary to # shaft of humerus.
24. **Holt Oram syndrome** - ASD + Skeletal defects of UL + clavicle dysgenesis
25. **Horton's headache** - Cluster headaches - common in adult males - occur in clusters - unilateral, associated with lacrimation, nasal stuffiness - ppted by stress, alcohol, smoking, nitrates.
26. **Job's syndrome** - Hypereosinophilic syndrome - with atopic dermatitis, high IgE levels, recurrent pyoderma, & decreased chemotaxis of mononuclear cells.
27. **Kantor's string sign** - On small bowel enema in Crohn's disease at the ileum.
28. **Katayama disease** - Serum-sickness like illness caused in acute schistosomiasis when the adult worms start producing eggs - fever, Lnpathy, urticaria, arthritis, edema.
29. **Kostmann disease** - constant lowering of ANC (absolute neutrophil count)
30. **Kussmaul's breathing** - Acidotic breathing - rapid deep breathing
31. **Kussmaul's sign** - Paradoxical rise in JVP on inspiration - seen in pericardial effusion, constrictive pericarditis, COPDs
32. **Lanz's incision** - Transverse right sided in iliac region - for appendix & caecum
33. **Lasegue's sign** - For disc prolapse - pain on passive raising of the straight leg (SLR)
34. **Little disease** - Cerebral palsy
35. **Lyme disease** - 3 stages
   1. Early localised (erythema at bite site)
   2. Early dissem (flu, cardiac - blocks, neurological - meningism, enceph)
3. Late persistent (arthritis, chronic neurological, cutaneous)

36. **Mafucci's syndrome**- Multiple enchondromatosis (Ollier's disease) + multiple soft tissue haemangiomas - may be cause of clubbing.

37. **Meig's syndrome**- Ascites, pleural effusion asso with ovarian benign tumor-->fibroma. (pseudo meigs-->ovarian benign tumor other than fibroma)

38. **Menke's steely hair syndrome**; associated with copper metabolism disturbance

39. **Mitchell's technique**- Injection treatment for piles

40. **Morgan - Milligan operation**- For hemorrhoids - "open" technique of hemorrhoidectomy

41. **Murphy's triad**- Pain + Vomiting + Fever - for acute appendicitis

42. **Nesbitt's operation**- To treat Peyronie's disease

43. **Noble's plication operation**- For multiple adhesions

44. **Osler's nodes**- Tender nodules formed in the pulp of fingers & in the thenar & hypothenar eminences - seen in IE

45. **Parinaud's syndrome**- Loss of vertical gaze associated with refractory nystagmus on convergence + pseudo - Argyll Robertson pupils present. causes - pinealoma, MS, vascular lesions.

46. **Ramsay - Hunt syndrome**- Herpes zoster oticus (vesicles in the canal) + LMN facial palsy + Regional adenopathy + Vertigo + anesthesia over anterior 2/3 of the corresponding hemitongue.

47. **Raynaud's pentad**- Charcot's triad (pain + fever + jaundice) + CNS excitatory / depressive effects + septic shock - from operating on an infected biliary system.

48. **Rutherford Morrison's pouch**- Right hepatorenal pouch - most dependent part of peritoneal cavity in supine position.

49. Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome- characterised by *exocrine pancreatic insufficiency*, skeletal abnormalities, and short stature. After CF it is the m/c cause of exocrine pancreatic insufficiency in children

50. **Stauffer's syndrome**- Reversible hepatic cellular dysfunction in RCC

51. **Sundown syndrome**- Evening confusion followed by agitation - seen in late stages of Parkinsonism - the fluctuating stage.

52. **Tolosa Hunt syndrome**- cavernous sinus syndrome produced by an idiopathic granuloma --> Superior orbital fissure syndrome - painful lesions of the V1, III, IV, VI CN.

53. **Troisier's sign**- Isolated enlargement of Virchow's nodes (lymph node in the left supraclavicular fossa) seen in late stages of *abdominal & pelvic malignancies*.

54. **Trousseau's sign**- Migratory throbophlebitis - seen commonly with advanced intra-abdominal malignancies. Observed by Trousseau in himself d.t. his Ca stomach d.t. which he died.

55. **Trousseau's sign**- tetany

56. **For 'latent' tetany** - *carpopedal spasm* on occluding arm blood supply with BP cuff inflated.

57. **Werner Zoege von Manteuffel**- First to advocate use of sterilised rubber gloves for surgery in 1897.